

# REGULATIONS ON THE SOUND MANAGEMENT OF CHEMICALS IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN 2021-2022



INTERGOVERNMENTAL NETWORK  
ON CHEMICALS AND WASTE FOR  
LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN

UN   
environment  
programme

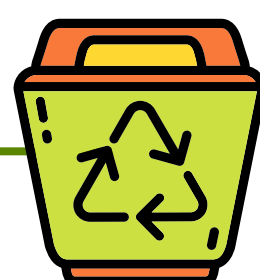
TECHNICAL NOTE NO. 2 DECEMBER 2022

This poster summarises the main findings of regulations for the sound management of chemicals in the LAC region for the year 2021 and 2022. You can access the full technical note [here](#).

## TRENDS

More countries are moving towards regulation of **industrial chemicals** and the adoption of **GHS**

New countries ratify **International Conventions** on Chemicals



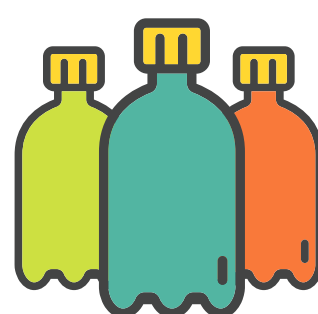
## REGULATIONS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

**Argentina, Cuba, Panama, Peru and Mexico** have adopted integrated solid waste and hazardous waste instruments and others are focusing on specific regulations for special/hazardous waste.

## REGULATIONS REGARDING INTERNATIONAL CONVENTIONS



- Argentina, Costa Rica, Honduras and Panama** have approved regulations for the import, export and trade of mercury under the Minamata Convention.
- Argentina** updated its legislation with respect to the Rotterdam Convention.
- Chile and Nicaragua** ratified the Basel Convention Ban Amendment.
- Barbados** ratified the Rotterdam Convention.
- Grenada** ratified the Basel, Stockholm and Rotterdam Conventions.



## CONTROL OF SPECIFIC GROUPS OF CHEMICALS

**Brasil** updated its list of substances banned in **personal hygiene products**, cosmetics and perfumes.

**Costa Rica** updated its Regulation for the Registration of Agricultural Inputs, formulated synthetic **pesticides** and related substances.

**Colombia and Peru** approved regulations on **lead concentration in paints**. Other countries are in the process of adopting or updating paint regulations.

**Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba and Peru**, have approved or are in the process of adopting regulations for the **control of industrial substances** and the implementation of **GHS**.